



How Sick Is Too Sick for School?

How to decide when your Student Should Stay Home

In general, students are too sick to come to school when either:

- They are contagious
- Their symptoms are serious enough to prevent them from focusing on the tasks they need to do in school

Use this checklist to determine whether to keep your student home from school.

	YES	NO
Does your student have a fever of 100.4 degrees F or higher?		
Has your student vomited one or more times in a 24-hour period		
Does your student have diarrhea?		
Are your student's eyes crusty, bright red, or discharging yellow or green fluid (conjunctivitis/pink eye)?		
If your student complains of a sore throat, is it accompanied by fever, headache, stomachache, or swollen glands?		
If your student complains of a stomach ache, is it accompanied by fever, vomiting, diarrhea, lethargy, sharp pain, or a hard belly?		
Does your student have a persistent, phlegmy cough?		
Does your student have lice (white, translucent eggs the size of a pinpoint on the hair or insects on the scalp)?		
COVID-19 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is your student exhibiting any signs or symptoms of COVID-19? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Fever > 100.4, Chills, Sore Throat, Cough, Difficulty Breathing, Diarrhea, Vomiting, Abdominal pain, New onset of severe headache, New change in taste or smell. • Has your student been identified as a close contact and is exhibiting signs or symptoms? • Is your student pending a COVID-19 test result? • Has your student tested positive for COVID-19? If your child has tested positive for COVID-19 or is a close contact and symptomatic, please complete our COVID-19 reporting tool on our website, www.nwschools.org , or the NWCS mobile app.		










If you answered **yes** to any of these questions, **please keep your child home from school** and consider seeking medical attention. Your child could have a serious or contagious illness. Keep your child home until symptom-free for at least 24 hours or until the doctor indicates that the child can return to school. If your child has tested positive for COVID-19 or is a close contact and symptomatic, please contact your building office for further instructions.

- Children who have a cold, headache, or stomach ache that is not accompanied by a fever, vomiting, or diarrhea can probably come to school.
- If your child has a rash, it could be contagious. Please seek medical advice before allowing your child to come to school.
- Earaches are not contagious. Children can come to school if they can concentrate on their work.
- Once your child has been treated for lice, a parent/guardian will need to transport the student to school to be checked by the school nurse or secretary before he/she can return to school.

If you have any further questions please contact the school nurse at:

- Northwest High School 817-4881
- Northwest Connect 817-4881
- Northwest Middle School 817-4987
- Northwest Elementary 817-4805
- Northwest Early Elementary 817-4915

I NEED TO STAY HOME IF...

I HAVE A FEVER	I AM VOMITING	I HAVE A RUNNY NOSE	I HAVE A PERSISTENT COUGH	I HAVE DIARRHEA	I HAVE A RASH	I HAVE HEAD LICE	I HAVE AN EYE INFECTION	I HAVE A COMMUNICABLE DISEASE
								
Temperature of 100.4 or higher	Within the past 24 hours	With yellow/green discharge	Croupy cough	Within the past 24 hours	Impetigo, ringworm, or body rash with itching or fever	Itchy head, active head lice or nits	Redness, itchy, and/or "crusty" drainage from eye(s)	Flu, measles, MRSA, strep, Covid-19, etc.

I AM READY TO RETURN TO SCHOOL WHEN I AM...

Fever free for 24 hours without the use of fever reducing medicine (i.e. Tylenol or Motrin).	Free from vomiting for at least 24 hours.	Until symptoms significantly improve or an alternative diagnosis is supplied.	Cleared by doctor and have a note specifying continued symptoms are not contagious to others.	Free from diarrhea for at least 24 hours.	Free from rash, itching, open sores, and fever. And evaluated by my doctor if needed.	Once treated, a parent must bring the student to school to be checked by the school nurse or secretary.	Evaluated by doctor, have begun appropriate medication and have waited 24 hours from 1st dose of antibiotic or have physician documentation with an alternative diagnosis for return to school.	No longer contagious and the incubation period for any communicable disease has passed.
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